

From the
INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

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PCT
NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF
INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY
EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of Mailing
(day/month/year) **16 MAR 2005**

Applicant's or agent's file reference

07917-166WO1

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

International application No.

International filing date (day/month/year)

Priority date (day/month/year)

PCT/US03/07323

07 March 2003 (07.03.2003)

08 March 2002 (08.03.2002)

Applicant

UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS

1. The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.
4. **REMINDER**

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices)(Article 39(1))(see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

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Form PCT/IPEA/416 (July 1992)


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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 07917-166WO1	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No. PCT/US03/07323	International filing date (day/month/year) 07 March 2003 (07.03.2003)	Priority date (day/month/year) 08 March 2002 (08.03.2002)
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC IPC(7): C12N 7/01 and US Cl.: 435/235.1		
Applicant UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS		
<p>1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</p> <p>2. This REPORT consists of a total of <u>4</u> sheets, including this cover sheet.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).</p> <p>These annexes consist of a total of <u>13</u> sheets.</p> <p>3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:</p> <p>I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Basis of the report</p> <p>II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority</p> <p>III <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Non-establishment of report with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability</p> <p>IV <input type="checkbox"/> Lack of unity of invention</p> <p>V <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement</p> <p>VI <input type="checkbox"/> Certain documents cited</p> <p>VII <input type="checkbox"/> Certain defects in the international application</p> <p>VIII <input type="checkbox"/> Certain observations on the international application</p>		
Date of submission of the demand 08 October 2003 (08.10.2003)	Date of completion of this report 18 February 2005 (18.02.2005)	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/US Mail Stop PCT, Attn: IPEA/US Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Authorized officer  Zacharian Lucas Telephone No. 571-272-1600	

I. Basis of the report**1. With regard to the elements of the international application:***

- ☐ the international application as originally filed.
- ☒ the description:
pages 1-4, 6, 8-16, 19-23, 25-29 as originally filed
pages 5,7,17-18,24, filed with the demand
pages NONE, filed with the letter of _____.
- ☒ the claims:
pages 30-33, as originally filed
pages NONE, as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19
pages NONE, filed with the demand
pages NONE, filed with the letter of _____.
- ☒ the drawings:
pages NONE, as originally filed
pages 1-8, filed with the demand
pages NONE, filed with the letter of _____.
- ☐ the sequence listing part of the description:
pages NONE, as originally filed
pages NONE, filed with the demand
pages NONE, filed with the letter of _____.

2. With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language _____ which is:

- ☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
- ☐ the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
- ☐ the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).

3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:

- ☐ contained in the international application in printed form.
- ☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
- ☐ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
- ☐ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.

4. ☐ The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

- ☐ the description, pages NONE
- ☐ the claims, Nos. NONE
- ☐ the drawings, sheets/fig NONE

5. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**

* Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).

** Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US03/07323

III. Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability

1. The question whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been and will not be examined in respect of:

- ☐ the entire international application,
☒ claims Nos. 7-23

because:

- ☐ the said international application, or the said claim Nos. _____ relate to the following subject matter which does not require international preliminary examination (*specify*):

- ☐ the description, claims or drawings (*indicate particular elements below*) or said claims Nos. _____ are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (*specify*):

- ☐ the claims, or said claims Nos. _____ are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.

- ☒ no international search report has been established for said claims Nos. 7-23

2. A meaningful international preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions:

- ☐ the written form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.
☐ the computer readable form has not been furnished or does not comply with the standard.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US03/07323**V. Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement****1. STATEMENT**

Novelty (N)	Claims <u>4-6,25,28 and 30-34</u>	YES
	Claims <u>1-3,24,26,27 and 29</u>	NO
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims <u>5</u>	YES
	Claims <u>1-4,6 and 24-34</u>	NO
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims <u>1-6 and 24-34</u>	YES
	Claims <u>NONE</u>	NO

2. CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Claims 1-3, 24, 26, 27, and 29 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 5,985,655 (Anderson et al.). These claims describe virus particles with chimeric envelope proteins, and methods of using such particles to deliver nucleic acids to a cell. Such particles and methods are disclosed by Anderson. Abstract, columns 1-2, and 5-6. The reference therefore anticipates the indicated claims. In view of the reference, the claims lack novelty.

Claims 1-4, 6, 24-27, and 29 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over U.S. Patent 5,736,387 (Paul et al.). These claims have been described in part above, except that claims 4 and 25 describe embodiments wherein the ligand inserted in to the chimeric envelope protein is a ligand for the epidermal growth factor receptor. Such viral particles are suggested by the Paul patent. See, columns 1-4 (esp. column 4), and column 9 (suggesting the use of the EGF cytokine as the cytokine ligand). The reference therefore demonstrates that the claims lack an inventive step over the art.

Claims 28 and 30-34 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over the prior art as applied in the preceding paragraphs and further in view of FERNANDEZ et al., and SCHNIERLE et al. These claims are directed to methods wherein the viral particles are used to deliver nucleic acids to cancer cells, or to treat a cancer. The teachings of Anderson and Paul as described above suggest the use of the claimed viral particles to deliver nucleic acids to specific cells. The teachings of Fernandez and Schnierle suggest the use of viral particles comprising thymidine kinase genes, or viral particles with chimeric envelope proteins, for the treatment of malignant disorders. From these combined teachings, it would have been obvious to those in the art to use virus particles comprising the chimeric envelope proteins to deliver nucleic acids, including those encoding thymidine kinase, to cancer cells. The claims thus lack an inventive step over the prior art.

Fig. 2 is a bar graph showing the results of experiments testing the ability of RGD₂₁ viruses to transduce NIH 3T3 cells and A375 human melanoma cells.

Figs. 3A-3B are bar graphs illustrating transduction experiments testing the requirement of the RGD sequence for transduction of human cells. (A) Transduction of NIH 3T3 infected with an RGD₂₁ or RGE₂₁ virus, and (B) Transduction of A375 human melanoma cells infected with an RGD₂₁ or RGE₂₁ virus.

Figs. 4A-4B are bar graphs showing the results of experiments testing the effect of pretreatment with antibodies to integrin receptors on transduction of human cells by RGD viruses (A) NIH 3T3 cells; (B) A375 human melanoma cells.

Fig. 5 is a bar graph showing the results of experiments testing the ability of GRP viruses to transduce human cells.

Figs. 6A-6C are bar graphs showing the results of experiments examining the requirement of the GRP receptor for transduction of human cells by GRP viruses. (A) Antibodies to GRP block transduction of human cells by GRP viruses. (B) Requirement of the GRP receptor for transduction of human 293 cells. (C) Requirement of the GRP receptor for transduction of mouse cells by GRP-2, GRP-3 and GRP-5 viruses.

Figs. 7A-7B are bar graphs showing the results of experiments testing the ability of HRG viruses to transduce NIH 3T3 cells and MDA-MB-453 breast carcinoma cells. (A) Transduction of NIH 3T3 cells by HGR viruses. (B) Transduction by HRG-1 or HRG-8 virus after pretreatment of NIH 3T3 and MDA-MB-453 breast carcinoma cells with antibodies to HER-3 and HER-4 receptors.

Fig. 8 is a representation of the nucleic acid sequence of MoMLV envelope protein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The invention provides a strategy for altering the host range of ecotropic retrovirus vectors using a recombinant envelope protein that contains a heterologous short peptide ligand (chimeric envelope proteins). Viruses expressing such chimeric envelope proteins (pseudotyped virus) can transduce human cells without removal of the N-terminal region of the naturally occurring envelope protein or co-expression of wild-type envelope protein. Furthermore, it is not necessary to delete portions of the

display in which a library of phage bearing a random selection of small peptides is selected for binding to the extracellular domain of a cell surface protein (i.e., a cell surface protein expressed on a host target cell). Nucleic acid sequences coding for such peptides are then cloned into wild-type envelope protein to produce chimeric envelope proteins. In another method using phage library, targeting to various organs can be achieved by injecting a phage display library into animals and identifying the peptides localized in each organ. This method has been successfully used to identify short peptides targeted to, e.g., kidney cells (CLPVASC, SEQ ID NO:3; CLPVASC, SEQ ID NO:4; and CGAREMC, SEQ ID NO:5) and to brain cells (CLSSRLDAC, SEQ ID NO:6; WRCVLREGPAGGCAWFNRHRL; SEQ ID NO:7) (Pasqualini et al., 1996, Nature 380:364-366). Similarly, recombinant peptide libraries can also be screened for peptides that specifically bind to a protein that is expressed on a target host cell (Pasqualini *supra*; Wrighton et al., 1996, Science 273:458-464; Cwirla et al., 1997, Science 276:1696-1699; Arap et al., 1998, Science 279:377-380).

Chimeric Envelope Proteins and Libraries

Envelope proteins are known in the art. In particular, the ecotropic murine leukemia virus protein has been extensively studied. The sequence of the MoMLV envelope protein (gp70) is shown in Fig. 8. The sequence coding for the extracellular domain (SU) region of the envelope protein extends from nucleotides 5612-6919. The transmembrane region and cytoplasmic tail extend from nucleotides 6920-7507. There is a signal peptide sequence at the beginning of the SU, that localizes the protein to the cell membrane. Clones containing MoMLV envelope protein are commercially available (e.g., Stratagene, La Jolla, CA). Heterologous short peptide ligands are inserted in the extracellular domain of the envelope protein. In general, chimeric envelope proteins containing insertions near the N-terminus and in the proline-rich region (PRR region) of the envelope protein are less effective for altering viral tropism than insertions at other positions within the protein. Examples of specific insertion locations that are effective are described herein, and in detail in the Examples.

Transduction efficiency also depends on the presentation of the ligand within the envelope. In some embodiments of the invention, cysteine residues flank the

Table 1. Description of RGD viruses.

5	ENV #	Position of Ligand Insertion (A.A. Location)	# of Inserts	Deletion of Nucleotides in Env.
10	<hr/>			
	RGD₁₃[CAAA- GRGDSP-TRC]			
	1	1	1X	
	2	1	2X	
15	3	1	4X	
	4	38	1X	
	5	38	3X	
	6	38	1X	5990-6082
	7	68	1X	
20	8	68	2X	
	9	68	1X	6082-6191
	10	120	1X	
	11	120	2X	6238-6281
	12	120	3X	
25	13	185	1X	
	14	230	1X	
	15	230	2X	
	16	235	1X	
	17	235	4X	
30	18	310	1X	
	19	310	2X	
	20	321	1X	
	21	321	2X	
	22	382	1X	
35	23	382	2X	
	24	382	3X	
	25	388	1X	
	26	388	2X	
40	<hr/>			
	RGD₂₁[CAAA- QGATFALRGDNPQG-TRC]			
	1	1	1X	
	2	38	1X	
	3	38	1X	5990-6082
45	4	68	1X	
	5	68	1X	6082-6191
	6	120	1X	
	R	120	1X	6238-6281

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8	185	1X
9	230	1X
10	235	1X
11	310	1X
5 12	321	1X
13	382	1X
14	388	1X
15	1,68	1X,1X
10 16	1,230	1X,1X

RGE₂₁ [CAAA- QGATFALRGDNPQG-TRC]

1	1	1X	
15 2	38	1X	5990-6082
3	68	1X	
4	68	1X	6082-1916
5	230	1X	

The core of the RGD₁₃ ligand is a six amino acid peptide, GRGDSP (SEQ ID NO:14), which represents an RGD consensus sequence. The core of the RGD₂₁ ligand is a 14 amino acid sequence, QGATFALRGDNPQG (SEQ ID NO:15), derived from the mouse laminin protein (Aumailley et al., 1990, FEBS Lett. 262:82-86). Both the RGD₁₃ and RGD₂₁ peptides were flanked by cysteine residues to constrain the sequence within a loop (Aumailley et al., 1990, *supra*; Yamada et al., 1993, J. Biol. Chem. 268:10588-10592; Hart et al., 1994, J. Biol. Chem. 269:12468-12474; Pierschbacher and Ruoslahti, 1987, J. Biol. Chem. 262:17294-17298).

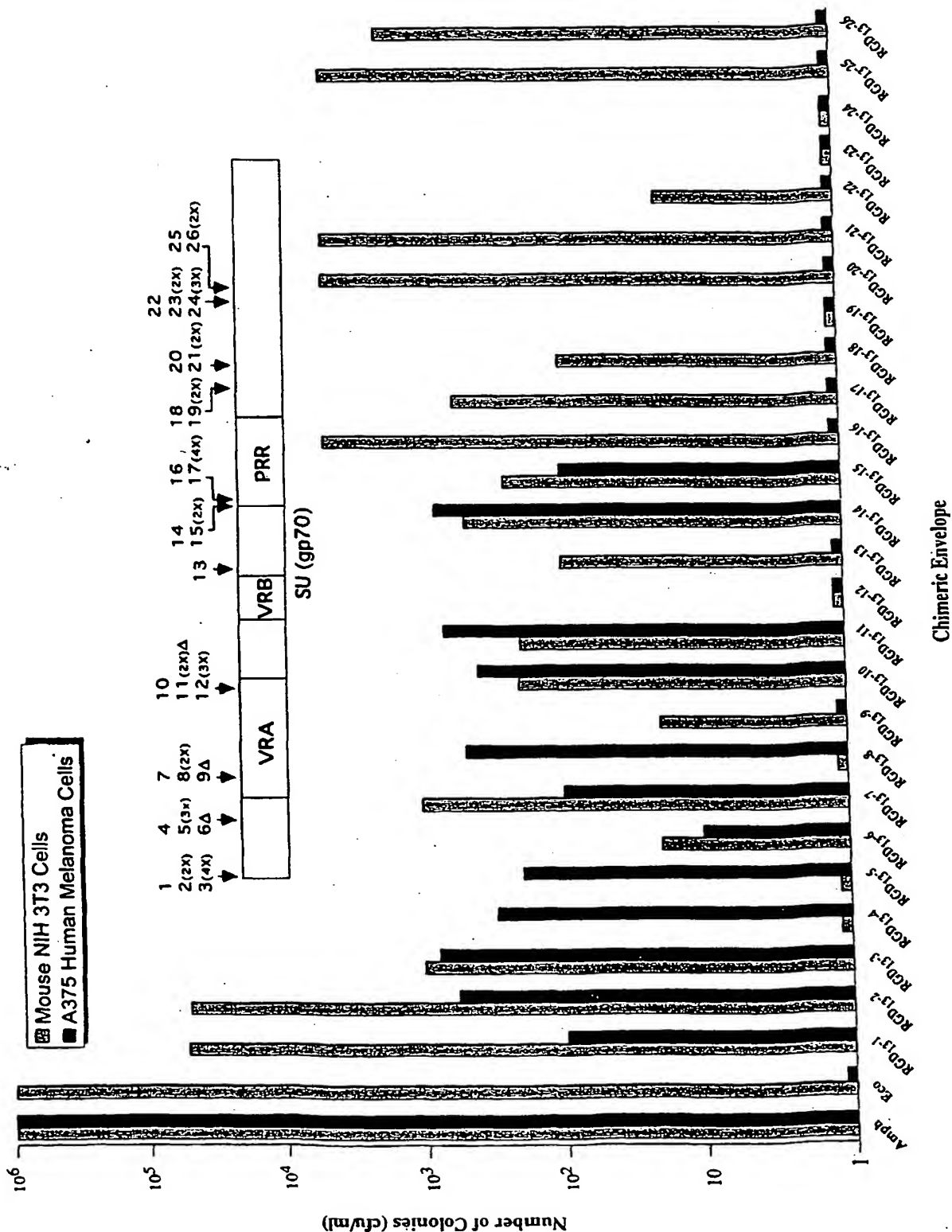
In some cases, chimeric envelope proteins with multiple ligands in tandem were also generated. Several of the chimeric envelope proteins had deletions of envelope sequences, in addition to ligand insertions, as a result of multiple restriction enzyme cleavages. In total, 26 chimeric envelope proteins containing the RGD₁₃ ligand, 16 chimeric envelope proteins containing the RGD₂₁ ligand, and five chimeric envelope proteins containing an RGE₂₁ ligand, a control non-binding peptide (Aumailley et al., 1990, *supra*; Hart et al., 1994, *supra*; Solowska et al., 1989, J. Cell Biol. 109:853-861; Greenspoon et al., 1993, Biochemistry 32:1001-1008), were constructed.

Table 2. Description of GRP and HRG viruses

	ENV #	Position of Ligand Insertion (A.A. Location)		Deletion of Nucleotides in Envelope
		GRP	CAAA - EQRLGNQWAVGHLM - TRC	
5				
10				
	GRP-1	1		
	GRP-2	38		
	GRP-3	38		5990-6082
	GRP-4	68		
15	GRP-5	68		6082-1916
	GRP-6	120		
	GRP-7	120		6238-6281
	GRP-8	185		
	GRP-9	230		
20	GRP-10	235		
	GRP-11	310		
	GRP-12	321		
	GRP-13	382		
	GRP-14	388		
25				
				Del. 3 A.A.
			FM	DPSRY L
30				M
	HRG	CAAA -		
	SHLVKCAEKEKTFVCVNGGECYRVKTYGYLMCKCPNEFTGDRCQNYVIAS - TRC			
35				
	HRG-1	1		
	HRG-2	38		
	HRG-3	38		5990-6082
	HRG-4	68		
	HRG-5	68		6082-1916
40	HRG-6	120		
	HRG-7	185		

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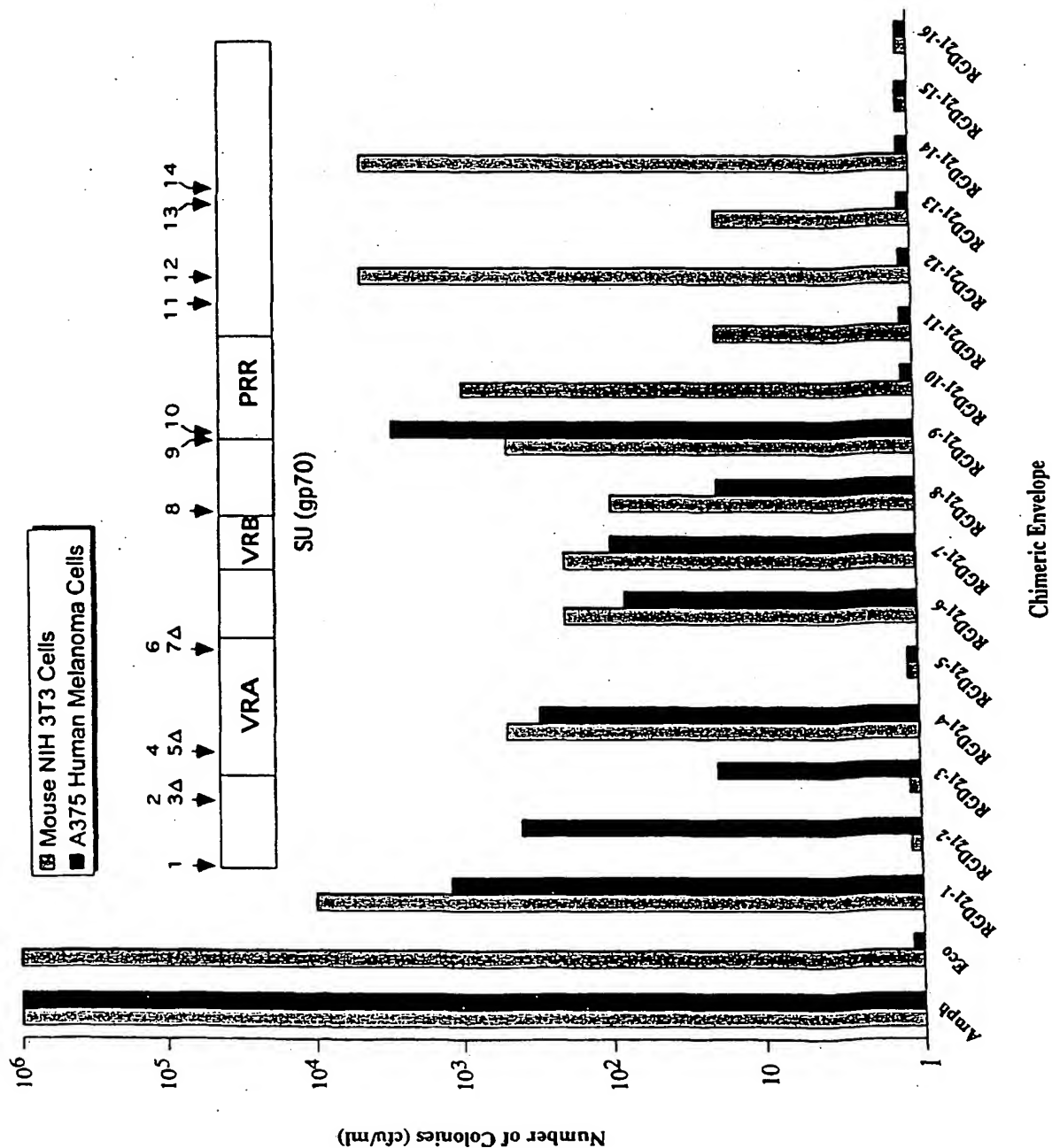
Figure 1



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Figure 2



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Figure 3

Fig. 3B

A375 Human Melanoma Cells

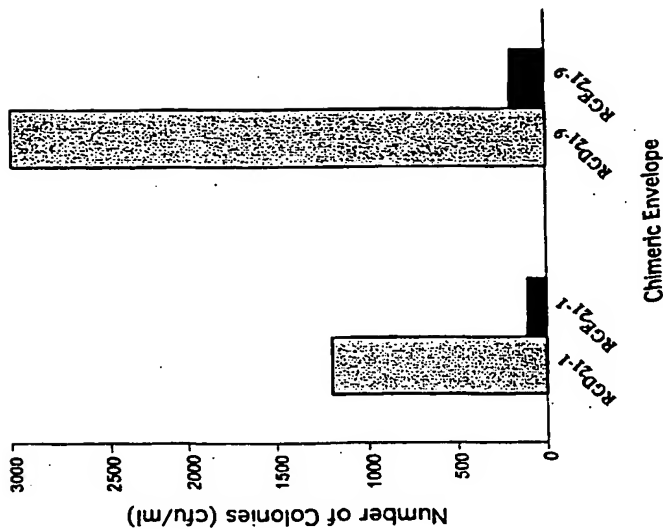


Fig. 3A

Mouse NIH 3T3 Cells

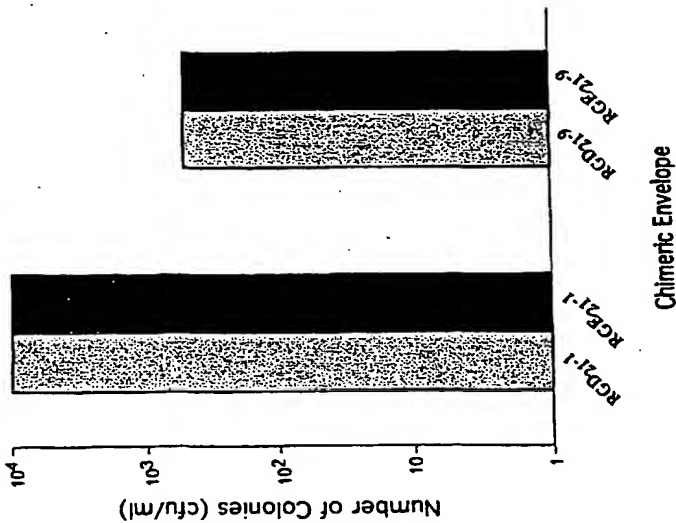


Figure 4

Fig. 4b

A375 Human Melanoma Cells

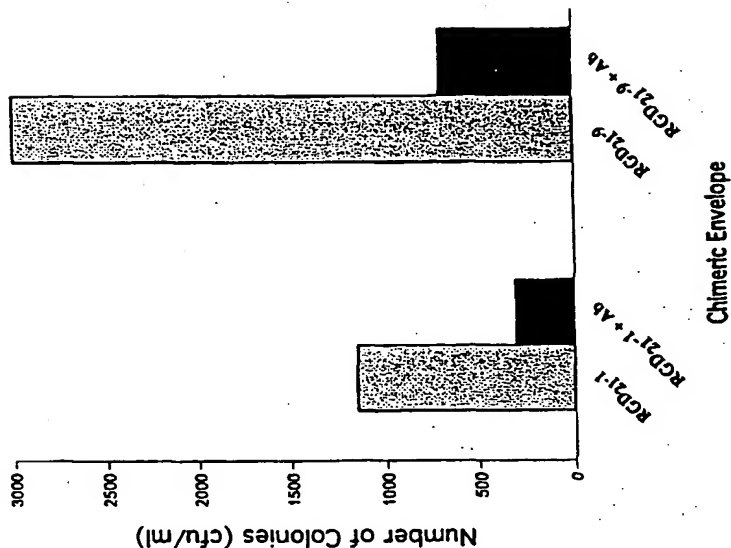
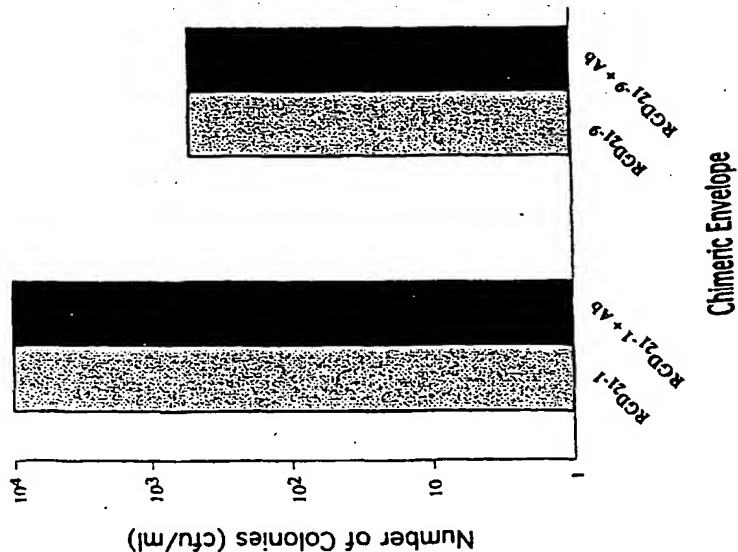


Fig. 4A

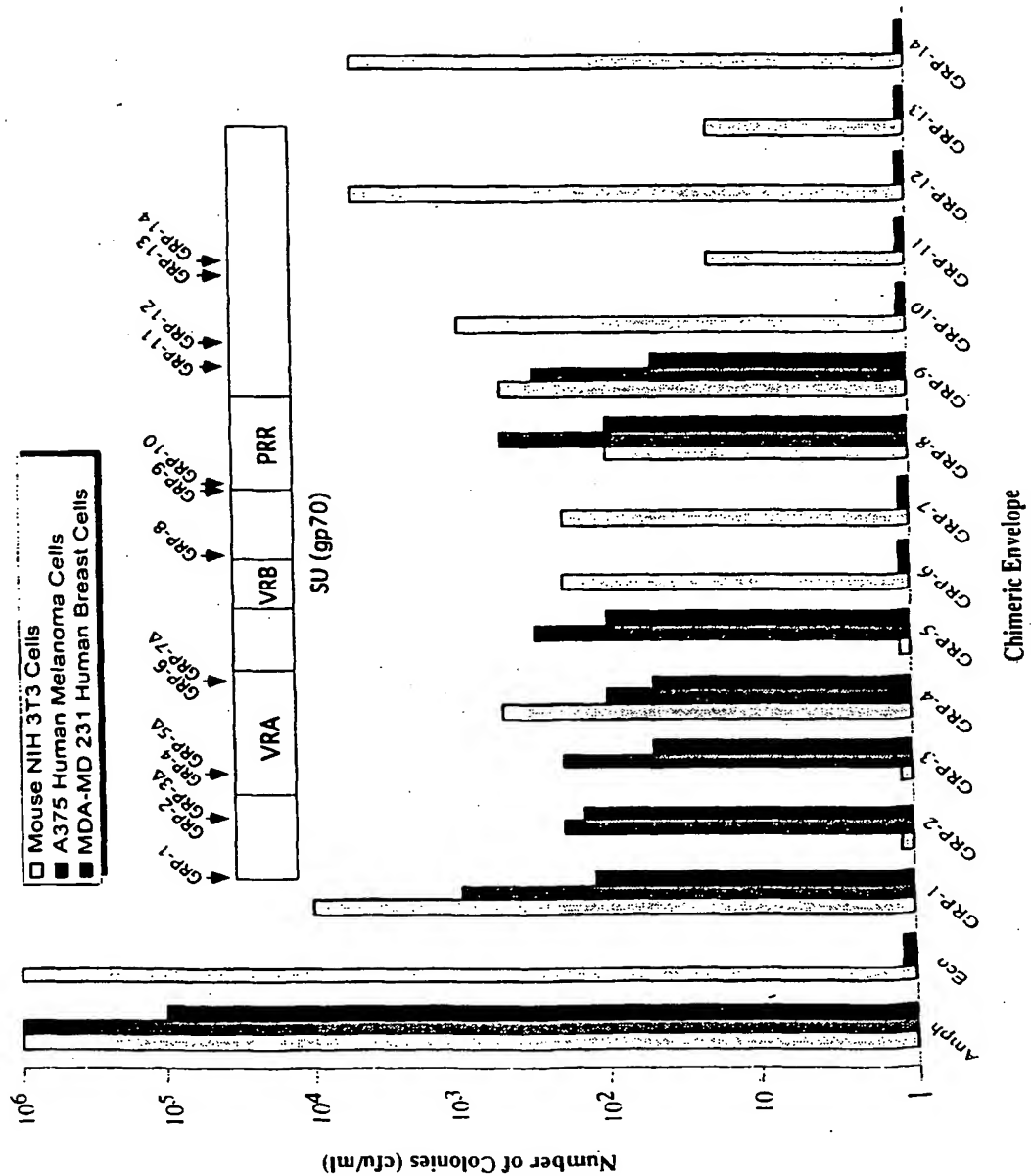
Mouse NIH 3T3 Cells



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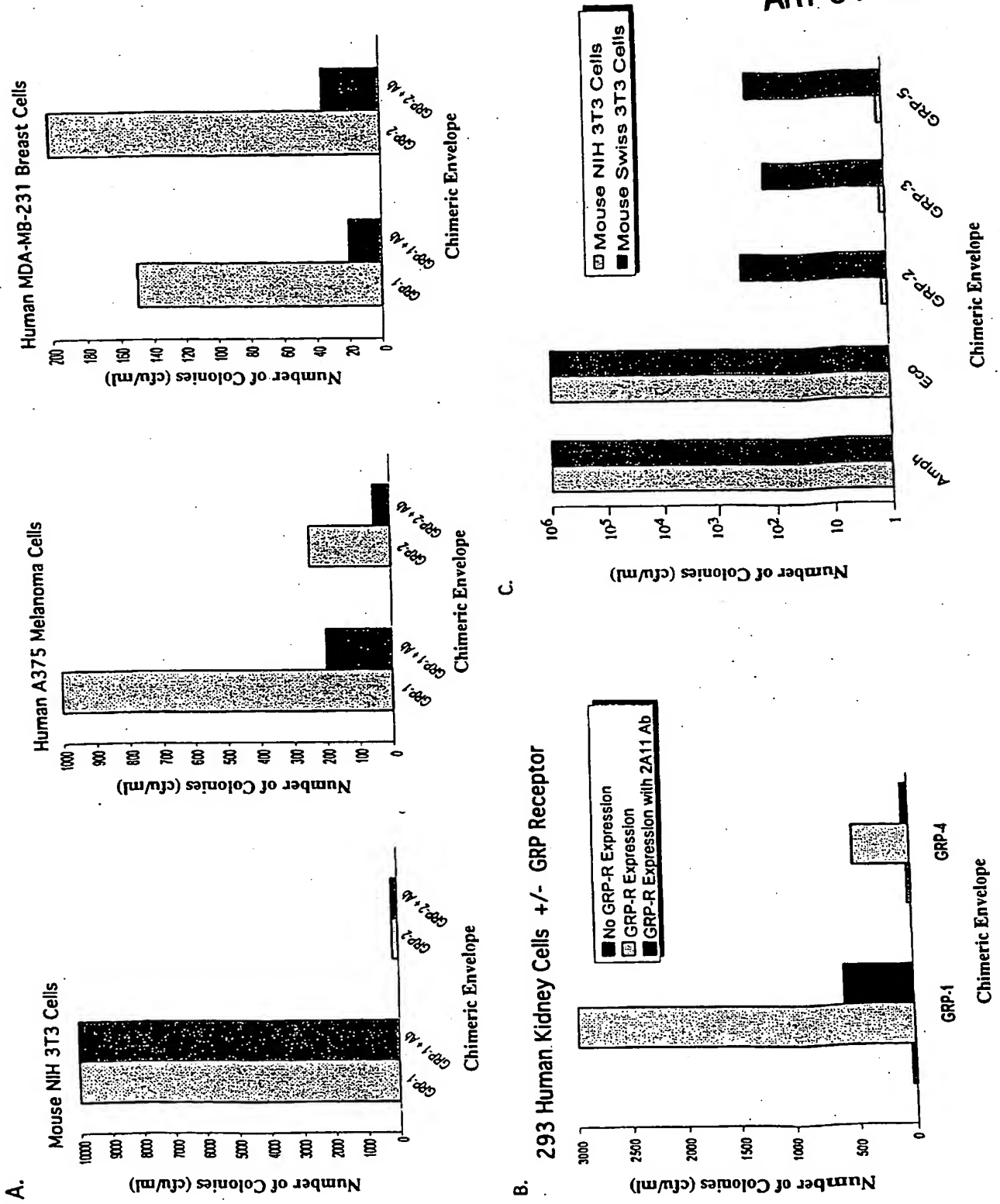
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Figure 5



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Figure 6

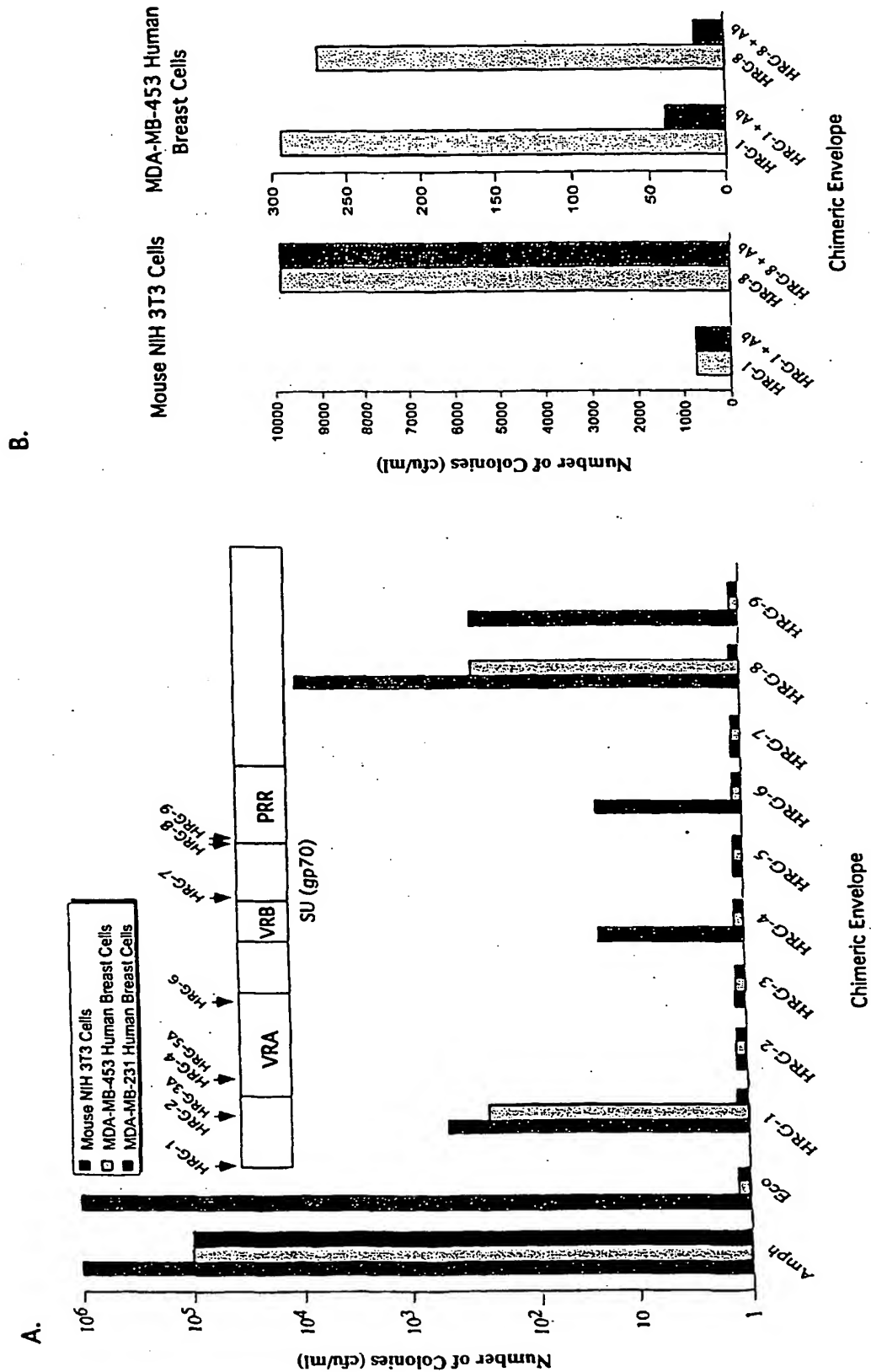


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Figure 7



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Fig. 8

Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus – envelope protein (gp70), nucleic acid sequence (from complete MoMLV genome sequence; Genbank Accession No. NC_001501). The SU (extracellular domain) is coded by nucleotides 5612 – 6919 (pictured below). The transmembrane and cytoplasmic tail extends from nucleotides 6920-7507. There is a signal peptide sequence at the beginning of the SU, localizing the protein to the cell membrane.

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5581 aattctcttg atgctcagag gggtcagtac tgcttgcgcc ggctccagtc ctcatcaagt
5641 ctataatafc acctggggagg taaccaatgg agatcggggag acggtatggg caactcttgg
5701 caaccaccct ctgtggacct ggtggcctga ccttacccca gatttatgta tggtagccca
5761 ccatggacca tcttattggg ggctagaata tcaatccctt ttttctctc ccccgggggc
5821 cccttggtgc tcagggggca gcagcccagg ctgtccaga gactgcgaag aacctttaac
5881 ctccctcacc cctcgggtgca aactgcctg gaacagactc aagctagacc agacaactca
5941 taaatcaaat gagggatttt atgtttgcc cgggccccac cgcccccgag aatccaagtc
6001 atgtgggggt ccagactcct tctactgtgc ctattggggc tgtgagacaa ccggtagagc
6061 ttactggaag ccctcctcat catgggattt catcacagta aacaacaatc tcacctctga
6121 ccaggctgtc caggtatgca aagataataa gtgggtgcaac cccttagtta ttcggtttac
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7201 ctctatgcg gaccacacag gactagttag agacagcatg gccaaattga gagagaggct
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